



Great Wyrley Academy

Literacy Policy	
Responsible Committee:	Great Wyrley Local Advisory Board
Policy Co-ordinating Officer:	Faculty Deputy - English
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Literacy Policy

Rationale:

At Great Wyrley Academy, we are committed to ensuring that our learners experience quality first teaching across the curriculum. We recognise that the explicit teaching of literacy is integral to quality first teaching.

Our Literacy Strategy seeks to empower students to communicate using academic language. Our ultimate goal is to ensure our learners leave us fully literate. We define a literate person as someone able to control their language by making informed choices about the type of language they use in a variety of different contexts; be it reading, writing, speaking or listening.

The duty that we have to ensure our learners are literate is detailed in The Teacher's Standards which notes that all teachers have "responsibility for promoting high standards of Literacy, articulacy, and the correct use of Standard English whatever their specialist subject". *Department for Education*.

Literacy Policy Aims:

- To maximise every learner's literacy skills to enable them access all aspects of our curriculum.
- To embed a common language for learning to teach learners how to think, talk and write like subject specialists.
- To empower teachers to embed the explicit teaching of literacy skills in their lessons and in their schemes of work.
- To put provision in place to support the development of students' literacy skills.
- By ensuring that the literacy practices outlined in this policy are embedded in our lessons, schemes of work and whole school ethos, we strive to meet the following strands of Ofsted's criteria for an outstanding lesson:
 - All students have high levels of literacy appropriate to their age.
 - Students read widely and often across all subjects.
 - Students develop and apply a wide range of skills to great effect, in reading, writing and communication.
 - The teaching of reading, writing and communication is highly effective and cohesively planned and implemented across the curriculum.

Specifically, our literacy policy seeks to ensure that when reading, writing, speaking and listening learners are able to:

Reading

- use skimming and scanning when reading;
- learn new vocabulary, relate it explicitly to known vocabulary and understand it with the help of context and dictionaries;
- make inferences and refer to evidence in a text;
- identify the purpose, audience for and context of the writing and draw on this knowledge to support comprehension;
- check their understanding to make sure that what they have read makes sense;

Writing

- write accurately, fluently and effectively according to purpose and audience;
- plan, draft, edit and proofread their writing;
- be accurate in their use of grammar, punctuation and spelling;
- write in complete sentences;

Speaking and listening

- use Standard English confidently in their own writing and speech;
- speak confidently and effectively using Standard English in a range of formal and informal contexts;
- to give a presentation without reading from a script or PowerPoint.

What will quality literacy provision look like in practice?

- Teachers using spelling and reading standardised scores to inform lesson planning and to match activities sensitively to learners' needs.
- Teachers selecting texts at levels appropriate to learners when purchasing and creating lesson resources.
- Teachers modelling high quality talk and in so doing consciously exposing learners to the academic language of their subjects.
- Teachers modelling reading and explicitly teaching the skills of skimming, scanning and zooming.
- Teachers talking to learners about their reading and recommending texts for learners to read for pleasure.
- Teachers ensuring that learners understand the conventions of text types specific to their subject.
- Teachers modelling and deconstructing writing to explicitly teach the literacy skills learners will need to successfully complete a piece of work/ unit etc.
- Teachers building explicit teaching of vocabulary into their lessons enabling learners to become 'word rich'.
- Teachers using classroom displays to make literacy visible for example by showing key word lists and how new vocabulary could be used in context.
- Teachers making learners aware of the literacy skills they are using in their subject and asserting the need for learners to transfer these skills across subjects (Mastery).
- Engagement of all learners in Y7 & Y8 with the Accelerated Reading programme.
- Learners across all Key Stages having access to a dictionary in lessons.
- Literacy marking codes are printed in students' planners and are clearly displayed in all teaching rooms.
- Learners being familiar with our Literacy marking codes and using them to support their independent proof reading and their responses to feedback from their teachers.
- Teachers building Directed Improvement and Reflection Time (DIRT) into their schemes of work and lessons. Teachers directing and then expecting learners to correct literacy errors during DIRT.
- Learners correcting spelling errors and then writing the correct spellings three times in their exercise book. Learners then endeavouring to learn the accurate spelling of the word.
- The school community regularly celebrating reading and writing for pleasure. Students enjoying a variety of reading enrichment experiences including author visits and writing workshops.

Marking for literacy

- We assert the importance of being able to communicate clearly in writing by marking for literacy.
- Marking for literacy places a clear emphasis on the need for each learner to devote time and effort into developing the quality and accuracy of their written communication.
- We equip learners with correction strategies to use in response to work marked for literacy and in so doing we aim to aid learner development and encourage independence.

- Effective, consistent application of our literacy marking codes is an integral part of this process.

Collation and sharing of whole school literacy data

- Y7 students sit the GL test and this data is shared with staff.
- All students in Y7-Y10 sit the GL test at the end of the year and this is shared with staff in September.
- The SENCO, Literacy Co-ordinator and Faculty Directors have access to a breakdown of the performance of individual students in key areas of reading. These include literal comprehension, vocabulary, comprehension requiring inference or prediction and opinions and comprehension requiring analysis. This information is used to identify and target students in need of additional literacy support

Developing literacy intervention strategies to support students in KS3 whose reading and spelling ages are below their chronological ages. Strategies include:

- The teaching of literacy in addition to English lessons for the weakest students in Y7, Y8 and Y9 in the Accelerated Learning Programme.
- Y7 & Y12 paired reading scheme for Y7 learners with reading ages below their chronological age to support reading comprehension.
- Learner/Adult paired reading to support learners in KS3 with reading ages below their chronological age.
- Language for thinking to develop speech and comprehension.
- The IDL Literacy scheme to improve reading accuracy for learners with reading ages of 7 years and under.